



LIGHT ☀️ ☀️ ☀️ ☀️ ☀️ **bright with some sun**

Bright with some sun, but out of hot summer sun – it can scorch the leaves. Too little light can mean no flowers. Don't move it once in bud.



WATER 💧 💧 💧 💧 💧 **moderate**

Spring to autumn regularly: moist, never waterlogged. Mid-autumn to late winter only once fairly dry, never bone-dry. Rule of thumb: about once a week in summer.



HUMIDITY 💧 💧 💧 💧 💧 **high**

Dislikes dry air while growing – stand it on a saucer of damp gravel, especially in warm weather.



TEMPERATURE

16–24 °C in spring and summer, cooler in winter, but at least 10 °C at night. Away from radiators and cold draughts.



SOIL

Sharply draining – equal parts orchid bark, peat-free multi-purpose compost and coarse perlite. A support to climb, or a hanging pot.



FEEDING

Every couple of weeks in spring and summer, ideally with orchid feed, once a month in autumn and winter. Flush with plain water every few months.



REPOTTING 🪴 est. 9 → 30 cm

It can stay in its pot for several years, until the roots fill it. Then in spring, a few cm larger – not while in bud or flower.



HEIGHT 📏 📏 📏 📏 📏 up to approx. 1.2 m tall, 60 cm wide · climbing

GROWTH 🌱 🌱 🌱 🌱 🌱 **fast**



TOXICITY

👤 Humans: mildly toxic

🐱 Cats: mildly toxic 🐶 Dogs: mildly toxic

👋 Sap irritates the skin

	TOO LITTLE	TOO MUCH
Water	 Leaves or flower buds drop. → Water regularly from spring to autumn; in winter never let the compost dry out completely.	 Leaves drop or turn black, dieback; the roots rot. → Always let the water drain away and water less. With root rot it rarely recovers – take cuttings straight away.
Light	 It doesn't flower. → Move it somewhere brighter with some sun, but out of hot summer sun.	 Scorched leaves. → Move it out of hot summer sun.
Fertiliser		 Stems wilt and die back. → Flush the pot with plain water and feed only lightly.
Warmth	 Leaves drop or turn black, dieback. → In winter keep it at 10 °C or more at night, away from cold draughts.	



WHAT IT DOES FOR YOU

Clusters of waxy flowers, highly fragrant especially at night, that can flower again from the same spurs for years. It doesn't measurably clean the air.



CAUTION

Sources differ: the ASPCA lists it as non-toxic for cats and dogs, a Zurich vet database as very highly toxic for birds – keep pet birds away. In dogs and cats only stomach and gut upsets have been seen. The RHS advises gloves, as the milky sap can irritate the skin.